

# 9. Vyjadřování minulosti – shrnutí

## Úroveň A

volba mezi minulým časem prostým a průběhovým (1–11)

## Úroveň B

volba mezi předpřítomným časem a minulým časem (12–18)

## Úroveň C

volba mezi minulým prostým časem a vazbou *used to* (19); volba mezi předpřítomným a minulým časem (20–24); minulý a předminulý čas (25); příklady kombinující čas minulý, předpřítomný, předminulý a vazbu *used to* (26–27)

Poznámka. Příklady časové souslednosti viz 11. kapitola *Časová souslednost*.

## Úroveň A

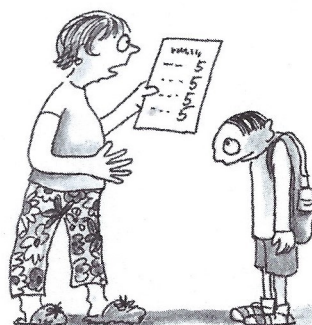
### 1. Prostý, nebo průběhový? Vyberte nejpravděpodobnější variantu.

- What time *did your train arrive / was your train arriving* yesterday?
- Why *weren't you trying / didn't you try* speaking English with him?
- Suddenly she *saw / was seeing* Tom. He *was buying / bought* a newspaper at the other end of the shop.
- What *did you watch / were you watching* when the phone *rang / was ringing*?
- I *broke / was breaking* my watch while I was playing football.
- When *were you starting / did you start* learning Polish?
- I couldn't understand what he *was trying / tried* to say.
- How many types of biscuit *did you bake / were you baking* this Christmas?
- At midnight I *was still studying / still studied* for the next day's test.
- It was a hot afternoon, so after lunch we *went / were going* for a walk in the woods.

### 2. Minulý čas prostý, nebo průběhový? Doplňte slovesa v závorkách ve správném tvaru.

- When I \_\_\_\_\_ (LOOK) out of the window it \_\_\_\_\_ (SNOW) again.
- It \_\_\_\_\_ (HAPPEN) several times in just one week.
- When we \_\_\_\_\_ (SEE) her again she \_\_\_\_\_ (EXPECT) another baby.
- \_\_\_\_\_ he \_\_\_\_\_ (NOT PLAY) the guitar as a boy?
- \_\_\_\_\_ anyone \_\_\_\_\_ (SEE) you do it?
- I \_\_\_\_\_ (COOK AND CLEAN) all day yesterday. That's why I \_\_\_\_\_ (NOT PHONE) you.
- Before they \_\_\_\_\_ (LEAVE) Paris they \_\_\_\_\_ (BUY) souvenirs for all the children.
- Who \_\_\_\_\_ (GIVE) you these flowers, darling?
- I'm sorry. It \_\_\_\_\_ (BREAK) while I \_\_\_\_\_ (USE) it.
- He \_\_\_\_\_ (TAKE) another cake when she \_\_\_\_\_ (NOT LOOK).

### 3. Která vět z dvojice nejlépe vystihuje situaci na obrázku?



- What did you do at three o'clock this morning?
  - What were you doing at three o'clock this morning?
- Why didn't you study more?
  - Why weren't you studying more?
- What did you read?
  - What were you reading?



- d) (i) He closed the door and left.  
 (ii) He closed the door and was leaving.
- e) (i) Didn't she play that beautifully?  
 (ii) Wasn't she playing that beautifully?

4. Minulý čas prostý, nebo průběhový? Doplňte slovesa ve správném tvaru.

not/answer borrow buy have not/know live look for say sit write

- a) We \_\_\_\_\_ lunch when the Hendersons arrived.  
 b) He \_\_\_\_\_ several books about his life in India.  
 c) One year ago she \_\_\_\_\_ a new job and now she's a company manager.  
 d) Why \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ it if you don't like the colour?  
 e) The guidebook \_\_\_\_\_ any of our questions.  
 f) This time last year we \_\_\_\_\_ on a beach in Spain.  
 g) How much money \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ from them?  
 h) What \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ when they took this photo?  
 i) Mozart \_\_\_\_\_ in the 18th century.  
 j) She \_\_\_\_\_ what to say.

5. Minulý čas prostý, nebo průběhový? Přeložte a doplňte sloveso v nejpravděpodobnějším tvaru.

- a) Why \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (NEPOPROSIL) for help? - But I \_\_\_\_\_ (NEPOTŘEBOVAL) any help.  
 b) They \_\_\_\_\_ (SLAVILI) Carl's new job when I \_\_\_\_\_ (PŘIŠEL).  
 c) And then another man \_\_\_\_\_ (VYŠEL) out of the house. He \_\_\_\_\_ (NESL) a large box.  
 d) How many times \_\_\_\_\_ Gavin \_\_\_\_\_ (VOLAL) you last week?  
 e) When I \_\_\_\_\_ (VEŠEL) into the classroom the teacher \_\_\_\_\_ (BYLA) there already.  
 f) The last time I \_\_\_\_\_ (VIDĚL) them they \_\_\_\_\_ (PLÁNOVALI) to move to Warsaw.  
 g) Beth \_\_\_\_\_ (NEMĚLA) time to go out to lunch with me yesterday.  
 h) He \_\_\_\_\_ (JEL AUTEM) to work when he \_\_\_\_\_ (SLYŠEL) it on the radio.  
 i) When Andy first \_\_\_\_\_ (SETKAL SE) Claire she \_\_\_\_\_ (STUDOVALA) medicine.  
 j) I \_\_\_\_\_ (POTKAL) Andrew at the bookshop. He \_\_\_\_\_ (HLEDAL) a present for his girlfriend.

6. Poslouchejte otázky a odpovídejte podle nápovědí. Rozhodujte se mezi minulým časem prostým a průběhovým.

Vzor: (nahrávka: *Why didn't you go out?*) - *it/rain* > *It was raining.*

- a) he/speak/too fast  
 b) she/work  
 c) the old one/stop/work  
 d) I/guess  
 e) I/forget  
 f) Mum/listen/radio  
 g) his parents/lend/him  
 h) I/have/bath  
 i) she/not wear/anything  
 j) we/get lost/on/way

## 9. Vyjadřování minulosti – shrnutí



- a) Why didn't you understand him? f) Why didn't you do your piano practice this morning?  
b) Why didn't you take her out to dinner? g) Where did he find the money for such an expensive car?  
c) Why did you buy a new kettle? h) Why didn't you answer the telephone?  
d) How did you know the answer to that? i) Why did Natasha scream when you walked into the room?  
e) Why didn't you send him a birthday card? j) Why didn't you come to the party?

### 7. Přeložte. Volte mezi minulým časem prostým a průběhovým.

- a) Kdy se to stalo? - Když jsem na tebe čekal před kavárnou.  
b) Stálo nás to hodně času a peněz, ale jsme s tím spokojeni.  
c) Měl na sobě [užijte wear] dlouhý černý kabát a vypadal moc vážně.  
d) Když jsem tam dorazil, všichni už na mne čekali.  
e) Pak se najednou probudila. Někdo stál u postele.  
f) Šel jsem kolem pošty, když jsem potkal pana Reevese.  
g) Nikdo nechtěl jít ven. Sněžilo a foukal silný vítr.  
h) Kam jeli letos na dovolenou? - Nejeli nikam. Neměli dost peněz, takže zůstali doma.  
i) Našel jsem ho ve své kanceláři. Četl mé e-maily.  
j) Včera jsem v knihovně viděl Rachel, ale nemluvili jsme spolu. S někým si už povídala.

### 8. Která věta v každé dvojici je možná? Nebo jsou možné obě?

- a) 1. At 7pm I had my dinner. × 2. At 7pm I was having my dinner.  1st  2nd  both  
b) 1. She knew what she was doing. × 2. She was knowing what she was doing.  1st  2nd  both  
c) 1. He put his newspaper away when I walked into the room. × 2. He was putting his newspaper away when I walked into the room.  1st  2nd  both  
d) 1. I thought about it for ages. × 2. I was thinking about it for ages.  1st  2nd  both  
e) 1. The dress didn't suit her at all. × 2. The dress wasn't suiting her at all.  1st  2nd  both  
f) 1. What did he say? × 2. What was he saying?  1st  2nd  both  
g) 1. What happened? × 2. What was happening?  1st  2nd  both  
h) 1. Did it rain? × 2. Was it raining?  1st  2nd  both  
i) 1. The dinner smelt lovely. × 2. The dinner was smelling lovely.  1st  2nd  both  
j) 1. But we had so much fun. × 2. But we were having so much fun.  1st  2nd  both

### 9. Minulý čas prostý a průběhový. Vysvětlete rozdíl ve významu mezi větami v každé dvojici.

- a) They were buying a cottage. × They bought a cottage.  
b) They were staying with us. × They stayed with us.  
c) No one was answering the phone. × No one answered the phone.  
d) The film was starting. × The film started.  
e) He was borrowing the money from a friend. × He borrowed the money from a friend.  
f) She was getting something to eat. × She got something to eat.  
g) The situation was changing fast. × The situation changed fast.

10. Přepište tento krátký text do minulého času. Bude nutné změnit vše, co je vyištěno tučně.

Dear Diary,

I'm **not going** anywhere tonight. I just **don't want** to. Everyone else **is going** to the pub, but I've **decided** to stay at home. Firstly, we always go to the pub and I'm tired of it. I **don't want** to sit in a room full of smoke and noise for the third time this week. Secondly, I **haven't got** anything to wear. Nothing that's clean, anyway. Thirdly, I'm still **feeling** cross with Tony and I certainly **don't feel** like meeting his new girlfriend. So I'm **staying** in and **watching** a film on the telly instead. I'll **eat** most of that half-kilo box of chocolates from Aunty Linda while I'm **watching**, but never mind. Think of all the money I'll **save**...

11. Prostý, nebo průběhový? Doplňte sloveso v závorkách ve správném minulém tvaru.

*police officer* strážník; *suspect* podezřelá osoba; *fear* strach; *shepherd* ovčák; *sheep* ovce; *accompany* doprovodit

POLICE OFFICER: Good evening. I'd like to ask what you \_\_\_\_\_ (DO) at around half past eleven last night, Mr Rustle.

SUSPECT: Last night? Well, I \_\_\_\_\_ (SPEND) the evening in Cromwell, Officer...

POLICE OFFICER: Cromwell. What \_\_\_\_\_ (YOU/DO) there, if I may ask?

SUSPECT: I \_\_\_\_\_ (WATCH) a film at the village cinema. *Fear on the Farm*.

POLICE OFFICER: *Fear on the Farm*. I see. And when \_\_\_\_\_ (THAT/FINISH)?

SUSPECT: Oh, about a quarter past nine, I suppose. Then I \_\_\_\_\_ (MISS) the nine-thirty bus home, and as the next one \_\_\_\_\_ (NOT LEAVE) for another half an hour and it \_\_\_\_\_ (RAIN) I \_\_\_\_\_ (GO) to the Dog and Duck for a glass or two...

POLICE OFFICER: Of what, sir, might I ask?

SUSPECT: Of Shepherd's Special, Officer.

POLICE OFFICER: Shepherd's Special. Interesting. And how long \_\_\_\_\_ (YOU/STAY) at the Dog and Duck, Mr Rustle?

SUSPECT: Unfortunately I \_\_\_\_\_ (STAY) longer than I \_\_\_\_\_ (PLAN) to. Just as I \_\_\_\_\_ (LEAVE) to get the ten o'clock bus two old friends \_\_\_\_\_ (ARRIVE) and we \_\_\_\_\_ (START) talking about our school days. I didn't notice how the time \_\_\_\_\_ (FLY), and when I \_\_\_\_\_ (LOOK) at my watch again it \_\_\_\_\_ (BE) just after eleven.

POLICE OFFICER: I see. And when \_\_\_\_\_ (YOU/GET) home, sir? Some time around midnight, I expect?

SUSPECT: Midnight? Oh, I \_\_\_\_\_ (COUNT) sheep by then, Officer...

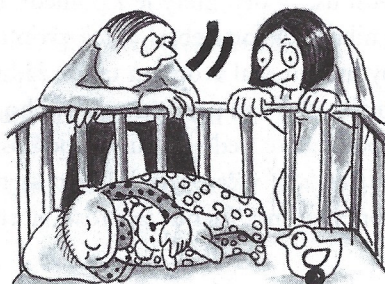
POLICE OFFICER: \_\_\_\_\_ (COUNT) sheep, eh? Very interesting. Perhaps you wouldn't mind accompanying me to the station, Mr Rustle...

## Úroveň B

12. Čas předpřítomný, nebo minulý? Vyberte ke každému obrázku správný komentář.



- a) (i) He had 11 children.  
(ii) He's had 11 children.



- b) (i) How long is he asleep?  
(ii) How long has he been asleep?



- c) (i) How have you played?  
(ii) How did you play?



- d) (i) Have you lost something?  
(ii) Did you lose something?

- e) (i) But have you done your homework?  
(ii) But did you do your homework?

- f) (i) But we didn't pay yet!  
(ii) But we haven't paid yet!

13. Čas předpřítomný, nebo minulý? Zakroužkujte správnou variantu.

- a) But Shakespeare *didn't write* / *hasn't written* only plays.  
b) Joe *didn't write* / *hasn't written* for ages. I hope he's alright.  
c) *We're working* / *We've been working* on this project since March.  
d) What time *did you work* / *have you worked* until last night?  
e) What *did you wear* / *have you worn* for the wedding?  
f) But *I never wore* / *I've never worn* a skirt and I'm certainly not going to now.  
g) This is the most stupid programme *I ever saw* / *I've ever seen*.  
h) *Did you hear* / *Have you heard* the news last night?  
i) What time *did you wake up* / *have you woken up* this morning?  
j) Ivan *didn't wake up* / *hasn't woken up* yet.  
k) Sorry. What *did you want* / *have you wanted* to say?  
l) *I never wanted* / *I've never wanted* any job as much as I want this one. I really hope I get it.  
m) *You didn't read* / *You haven't read* Grandmother? You don't know what you're missing!  
n) *Did you read* / *Have you read* Grandmother when you were at school?  
o) I'm sorry I *didn't ring* / *haven't rung* yesterday. *I left* / *I've left* my phone at home.  
p) But I can't call you later. *I lost* / *I've lost* my phone.

14. Doplňte sloveso v závorkách ve správném tvaru. Rozhodujte se mezi časem předpřítomným a minulým, případně jejich průběhovými variantami. Užívejte pokud možno stažené tvary.

- a) Why don't you just go to bed? You \_\_\_\_\_ (YAWN) here all evening.  
b) Great! I \_\_\_\_\_ (JUST SPEAK) to Mr Braine. He \_\_\_\_\_ (DECIDE) to accept our offer.  
c) He \_\_\_\_\_ (BE) interested in Greek history since his childhood.  
d) I could hear voices but I \_\_\_\_\_ (NOT LISTEN) to what they \_\_\_\_\_ (SAY).  
e) How was Jack's party? - Wonderful. I'm really glad I \_\_\_\_\_ (GO).  
f) Could you say that again, please? I \_\_\_\_\_ (NOT UNDERSTAND).  
g) Look! I \_\_\_\_\_ (FIND) my watch.  
h) Geoff \_\_\_\_\_ (SLEEP) in the living room since his wife \_\_\_\_\_ (START) snoring.  
i) I \_\_\_\_\_ (THINK) about it for days and I'm less sure now than I \_\_\_\_\_ (BE) in the first place.  
j) I \_\_\_\_\_ (REMEMBER) their advice, but not until it was too late.  
k) The same thing \_\_\_\_\_ (HAPPEN) several times last month.  
l) I don't know if Harry \_\_\_\_\_ (STAY) till the end of the speeches.  
m) What a lovely present! I \_\_\_\_\_ (NEED) new socks for ages.  
n) Is that really what she \_\_\_\_\_ (SAY)?! I'm sure she \_\_\_\_\_ (MEAN) it.  
o) The company \_\_\_\_\_ (WORK) on the building for six months and it's still not finished.